SUBJECT

Treaty of Establishment between Greece and Rumania.

DATE

9-10-31

CASE NUMBER

768.719-ESTABLISHMENT

JACKET NO. 1

Please do not disarrange or remove papers from this jacket or deface jacket with office stamp or notations.

1—1235 U. S. GOVERNMENT PRINTING OFFICE: 1928

DOCUMENT FILE

NOTE

768.719-ESTABLISHMENT/1

SEE 768.712/3 FOR #741

FROM Rumania (Wilson) DATED Sept.10,1931.
TO NAME

1—1127 OFO

REGARDING: Transmitting text of the Convention of Establishment between Greece and Rumania, signed at Bucharest, on August 11,1931

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DOCUMENT FILE

NOTE

SEE 768.71/14 FOR #2114

FROM Greece (Morris) DATED March 29, 1932
TO NAME

1—1127 o.r.o

REGARDING:

Five copies of the Official Gazette of February 29, 1932 containing the French and Greek texts of the Convention of Establishment with Protocol between Greece and Rumania.

las

768.719-ESTABLISHMENT /2

768.719-Establishment

DOCUMENT FILE

NOTE

SEE 768.712 / 5 FOR Desp # 875

FROM Rumania (Wilson) DATED April 25, 1932
NAME

TO

REGARDING: Copies of publication containing text of convention of Establishment between Greece and Rumania.

FLH

1—1127 O.F.O.

768.719- ESTABLISHMENT/3

Bucharest, April 25, 1938.

No. 675.

Subject: Ratification by Rumanian Parliament of commercial, establishment and veterinary conventions concluded between Rumania and Greece.

The Honorable,

The Secretary of State,

Washington.

Sir:

1/ I have the honor to enclose herewith two copies of the MONITORUL OFICIAL No. 89, of April 14, 1938, containing the text, in French and Rumanian, of the following conventions between Rumania and Greece:

1. A Convention of Commerce and Navigation;
2. A Convention of Establishment;
3. A Veterinary Convention,

all of which were ratified by Parliament on April 13, 1938.

The convention of commerce and navigation is of a regular most-favored-nation type.

There was considerable opposition in Parliament to the ratification of these conventions as a number of members desired to withhold it until after a satisfactory settlement

of

of certain political and financial questions now pending between Greece and Rumania.

Respectfully yours,

Charles S. Wilson.

Enclosure:
1. Two copies of ,MONITORUL OFICIAL No. 89, of April 14, 1932.

631

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CSW/LHH

SUBJECT

Veterinary Convention betwee n

Greece and Rumania.

DATE

9-10-31 ---

CASE NUMBER

768.719-VETERINARY

JACKET NO. 1

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1—1235

U. S. GOVERNMENT PRINTING OFFICE: 1920

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NOTE

768.719-VETERINARY/1

SEE 768.712/3 FOR #741

FROM Rumania (Wilson) DATED Sept. 10, 1931.
TO NAME I-1127 OPO

RE: Transmitting text of the Veterinary Convention between Greece and Rumania, signed at Bucharest on August 11.

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DOCUMENT FILE

NOTE

SEE 768.71/14 FOR #2114

FROM Greece (Morris) DATED March 29, 1932
TO NAME

1—1127 GPO

REGARDING: Five copies of the Official Gazette of February 29, 1932 dontaining the French and Greek texts of the Veterinary Convention between Greece and Rumania.

las

768.719-VETERINARY /2

768.719-Veterinary

DOCUMENT FILE

NOTE

SEE 768.712 / 5 FOR Desp # 875

FROM Rumania (Wilson) DATED April 25, 1932
NAME

TO

1--1127 OFO

REGARDING: Copies of publication containing text of Veterinary convention between Greece and Rumania.

FLH

768.719-VETERINARY /3

"We are not ignorant that Greece has already commenced and will continue to have recourse to all measures which are imposed on her by such a cowardly attack. But one is equally curious to know what line of conduct will be taken by the other states belonging to "L'Entente Balkanique". What distinction can be made between an act which violates the sovereign rights of a country and that which consists in a wish to seize by force its territory?

"It is not difficult to comprehend that the Bulgar bumptiousness constitutes as well an affront to the "Entente Balkanique". Considered from this angle the Bulgar offense against Greece ought already to have compelled the other countries of the "Entente Balkanique" to inform the government at Athens that they are solidly behind it just as if they were actually involved.

"Independently of this unity of spirit, it is yet the duty of each of them to undertake, according to their agreement with Greece, some steps either separately or collectively toward the Bulgar government to demand of it explanations of this incident. If one wishes that there not result from this act of banditry any harm to the "Entente Balkanique" that is the only means of preventing it. Truly, if today it is Greece that is attacked, tomorrow it will be the turn of the others. One ought to show in little as well as in big things that the Entente is not a vain word but that it can preserve itself against all who threaten it.

"This efficacious unity is imposed not only because the Bulgar attack constitutes a serious act but also because that act shows that the national traditions of the Bulgars have not been able to break away from the spirit of comitadji, banditry and savagery which has always distinguished them.

"It is very well that the Gueorgieff government has pretended to have declared war against this spirit and that it has even shown itself resolved to act with firmness but the recent bloody incidents give the most striking denial to his declaration and one feels obliged to cry out at the lie.

"When there are five innocent persons who have been the victims of the fury of the Bulgarian Frontier Guards one hears the Minister of War avow very phlegmatically "Yes, there were five killed", just as if these victims had been so many flies. Not only does the Minister not express any regret but he seems even to rejoice that it has happened. Does this attitude differ from the bar-

barity of the Frontier Guards who have committed the crime? A government which shows such indifference in the presence of spilt blood is not and never will be a government that honors humanity. This is a truth as clear as it is sad.

"By this writing we invite the states of the 'Entente Balkanique' to undertake that which is incumbent on each of them in the presence of this barbarous act which has soiled Greek territory. Bulgaria ought to be compelled to make full reparation. The people arrested on Greek soil ought to be brought back and delivered to Greek authority. It is necessary afterwards to demand and see to it that Bulgaria pays a suitable indemnity for each of the victims.

"Finally, it is necessary above all that Bulgaria engage formally, with substantial guarantees, to never in the future exercise any injury on the minorities dwelling within her borders."

J. A. CRANE,
Lt.Colonel, Field Artillery,
Military Attache.

Central File: Decimal File 768.719, Political Relations Of States, Relations; Bi-Lateral Treaties., Greece And Romania, Other Relations; Other Bi-Lateral Treaties., Sept. 10, 1931 - December 6, 1934. September 10, 1931 - December 6, 1934. MS Turkey, Greece, and the Balkan States: Records of the U.S. Department of State, 1930-1944: Records of the Department of State Relating to Political Relations of Turkey, Greece, and the Balkan States, 1930-1939. National Archives (United States). Archives Unbound, link.gale.com%2Fapps%2Fdoc%2FSC5111391209%2FGDSC%3Fu%3Domni%26sid%3Dbookmark-GDSC. Accessed 20 June 2025.